Rare Plants of Louisiana



Amorpha paniculata – panicled indigobush Legume/Bean Family (Fabaceae)

Rarity Ranks: S1S2/G2G3

Range: AR, LA, OK, TX

Recognition:

1) Shrub to about 6 feet tall

2) Pinnately compound leaves 8 - 14" long with 13 to 19 leaflets

3) Leaflets 1-3" long with conspicuous net-like venation and wooly hairs beneath

4) Flowers purple and gold on racemes 8-16" long

5) Robust cluster of racemes exerted above foliage

6) Fruit is a tiny legume about 1/4" long

Flowering Time: late May – early June

Will flower later if stem mechanically cut (e.g. bush hogged) and presumably if burned

Light Requirement: Full sun to part shade

Wetland Status: FACW - usually occurs in wetlands

Habitats: Beaver ponds, lake shores, beside streams, stream valley seepage bogs, ditches and roadsides, forested seeps/bayhead swamps, and interior fresh and saline marshes. Associates observed at Louisiana sites include loblolly pine (*Pinus taeda*), water oak (*Quercus nigra*), sweetgum (Liquidambar styraciflua), red maple (Acer rubrum), St. Andrew's cross (Hypericum hypericoides), waxmyrtle (Myrica cerifera), and blackgum (Nyssa sylvatica)

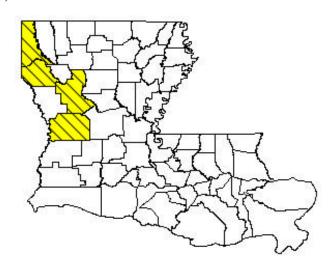
Threats:

- 1) Forest type conversion
- 2) Overstocking (shading)
- 3) Hydrological alterations including construction of ponds/private lakes with control structures which interrupt natural flow and cause dewatering of downstream habitats during dry conditions

Beneficial management practices:

- 1) Thinning and burning
- 2) Hand clearing, injecting, and/or dropping and leaving a few trees to allow more sunlight if commercial thinning is not practical
- 3) Refrain from altering hydrology of natural herbaceous wetland systems such as bogs and marshes







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Closer view of flowers

Panicled indigobush single leaf – ruler = 2" long. Photo provided by LSU Herbarium

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